



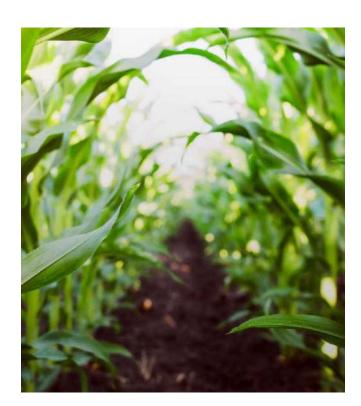


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Avantium: experienced leadership team

Proven track record of technological and operational excellence

Management Team

Today's presenters



Tom van Aken CEO (@Avantium since 2002)

Education: Economics (Amsterdam) and Chemistry (Utrecht)

Selected previous / other positions:

- Now: several advisory positions, such as Top Team Chemie
- 1999-2002: Director Business development at DSM
- 1997-1999: Sales manager at DSM



Bart Welten CFO (@Avantium since 2020)

Education: Law (Leiden) and MBA (Boston)

Selected previous / other positions:

- Now: Supervisory Board Sanauin
- 2012-2019: CFO at Centrient Pharmaceuticals
- 2003-2012: CFO at DSM Resins
- 2002-2003: CFO at Kiadis
 Pharma



Gert-Jan Gruter CTO (@Avantium since 2000)



Carmen
Portocarero
General Counsel
(@Avantium since 2012



Zanna McFerson Managing Director Renewable Chemistries (@Avantium since 2017)



Steven Olivier Managing Director Catalysis (@Avantium since 2015)

Supervisory Board

- Edwin Moses, Chairman
- Margret Kleinsman
- Michelle Jou
- Cynthia Arnold
- Trudy Schoolenberg

Former CEO Ablynx NV and Oxford Asymmetry International CFO Agrifirm

President Covestro Polycarbonates Business

Former CTO Sun Chemical and Valspar

Held various senior management positions at Shell and AkzoNobel



Consumers have increasing environmental concerns

Pressure on industries to shift to circularity and decouple plastics from fossil feedstock











Avantium: innovation-driven chemical technologies

Producing chemicals from renewable sources for a wide range of consumer goods

- Two lead products:
 - FDCA, the chemical building block for PEF: a novel, first-in-class plantbased polyester targeting \$200+ billion markets; entering commercial manufacturing
 - PlantMEG™: sustainable and cost-effective plant-based alternative for fossil-MEG, a key ingredient for PET and PEF; in pilot phase



- Biorefinery process for industrial sugars from non-food biomass
- Conversion of CO₂ to chemicals via electrochemistry
- Supported by a revenue generating Catalysis Business
- 3 operational pilot plants in Geleen (FDCA) & Delfzijl (plantMEG™, biorefinery), NL
- Extensive R&D laboratories and partnerships with industry leaders
- 20+ years experience in renewable polymers, chemical process development and catalysis
- Cash position (unaudited) at circa €26 million on 31 December 2020, annual cash outflow of less than €25 million
- HQ in Amsterdam listed on Euronext Amsterdam, Brussels (AVTX)









PEF = polyethylene furanoate PET = polyethylene terephthalate FDCA = furandicarboxylic acid MEG = mono-ethylene glycol



Investment highlights

Avantium offers solutions for consumer driven renewable trends of plastic waste and CO₂ reduction





Leading innovative products FDCA and plantMEG[™] are the key ingredients for novel polymer PEF: 100% plant-based, recyclable and degradable with superior performance



Addressing \$200B+ end-markets with consumers demanding change



Pipeline of innovative chemical technologies at various stages of commercialisation



Partnerships with industry leaders and brand owners to make innovations global successes



Scalable licensing business model with clear growth path to profitability, balancing risk and reward



Proven ability to scale with 3 operational pilot plants, state of the art R&D lab and robust portfolio of >145 patent families



Strong management, board and technical & commercial team and a proven revenue generating track record with the Catalysis business



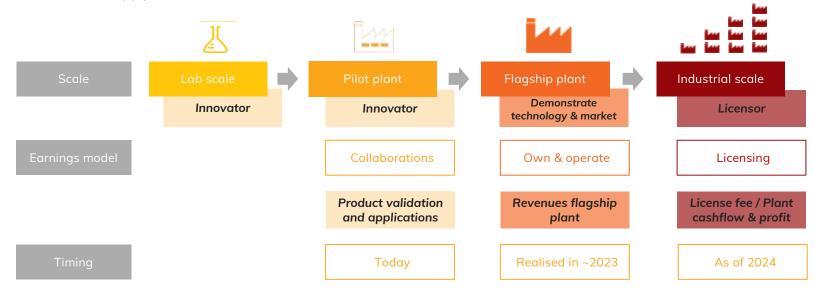
ESG is built into Avantium's DNA and drives the company's business model



A business model delivering growth and margins Multiple routes to monetise our innovations

Multiple partners:

- To share scale-up requirements and cost-of-capital
- To provide validation of the product applications
- To form the supply chain from feedstock to end-market

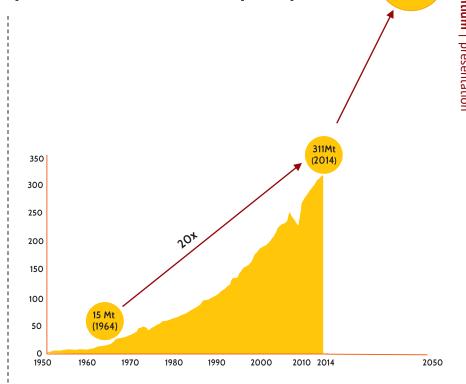






Global warming stripes by climate scientist Ed Hawkins





1,200M

t (2050)

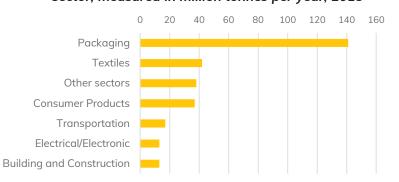
Production, use and waste cause major environmental problems

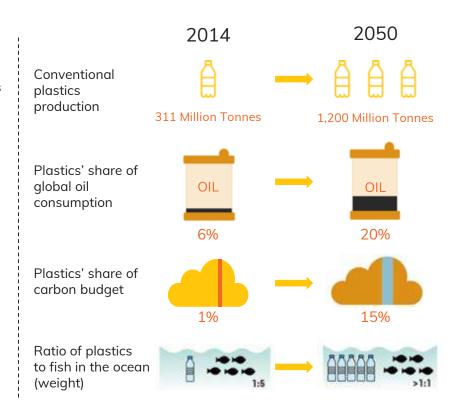


Source: OECD, background report G7 (2018)

- >90% of conventional plastic is not recycled (1950 2015):
- Many plastic applications, such as small sized bottles are not recyclable, as they include other materials (e.g. nylon) for barrier properties

Global unrecycled plastic waste by industrial sector, measured in million tonnes per year, 2015









Avantium to revolutionise the plastics industry

Picked up by numerous global media outlets and on social media

16 May 2020

The end of plastic? New plant-based bottles will degrade in a year

Carlsberg and Coca-Cola back pioneering project to make 'allplant drinks bottles



▲ it resumed of plantic factors at a recycling plant more flangless in Thursand, A/aund 2000 million science of plants: walls every year and most of it is not negoted. Promagnostic (Regio Adubel/IVW

Beer and soft drinks could soon be sipped from "all-plant" bottles under new plans to turn sustainably grown crops into plastic in partnership with major beverage makers.

A biochemicals company in the Netherlands hopes to kickstart investment in a pioneering project that hopes to make plastics from plant sugars rather than fossil fuels.



This startup's plant-based plastics promise circularity. Can it deliver?

By Jesse Klein

July 22, 2020

"You don't need one drop of petroleum. It's all plant-based. The carbon footprint is less than 50 percent of petroleum-based plastics. And it's fully recyclable, so it's really circular,"

That's the promise Avantium CEO Tom Van Aken makes about his company's new plastic material.



A New Plant-Based Plastic Will Degrade in a Year

By Sam Baker For Mailonline

13:21 17 May 2020, updated 16:21 19 May 2020



 Dutch company Avantium developed a fully plant-based plastic made from corn, wheat and beet sugars.

L'EXPRESS

Plastique : de nouvelles bouteilles d'origine végétale dégradables en un an Par LEXPRESS.Nr.

souhaite remédier au fléau de bouteilles en plastique en se laneant dans une production à

Evening Standard

Coca Cola and Carlsberg to introduce new plant-based bottles

Developers hope to deliver by 2023 18 May 2020

New Plant-Based Bottles Backed By Coca-Cola And Carlsberg Will Degrade In Just A Year

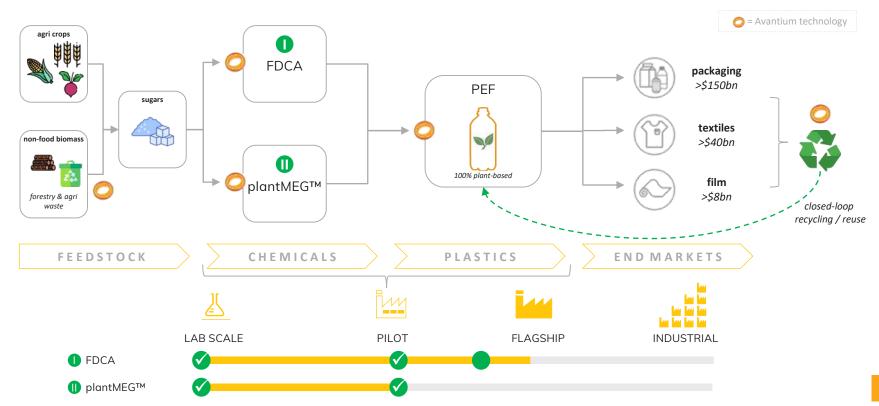




New plastic-like product made from plant sugars only takes a year to degrade

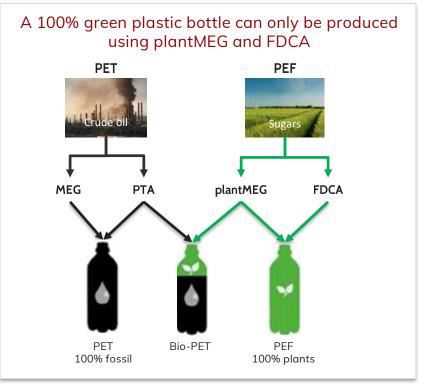
A coherent portfolio of renewable products

Focused on plant-based plastics, advancing towards commercialisation



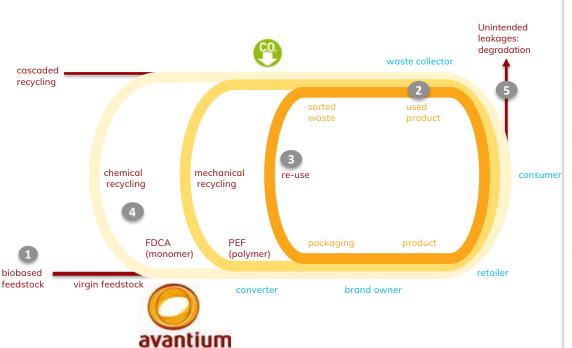


FDCA and plantMEG together make a 100% plant-bottle



PEF addresses the need for a circular new plastics economy

ESG impact of PEF: 50-70% lower carbon footprint and fully circular



PEF can solve very specific issues



Renewable: PEF is plant-based instead of fossilhased





Reduce: PEF is superior allowing thinner applications and reducing weight by more than 20% in line with European legislation





Reuse: PEF in combination with PET allows PET bottles to be reused by up to 5x more





Recycle:

- PEF has a proven fit with existing sorting and recycling facilities
- PEF can substitute small and multi-laver packaging that cannot be recycled





Degradable: when PEF unintentionally ends up in nature, tests show that PEF degrades

- Degradation tests show that PEF degrades much faster than PET under industrial composting conditions (250-400 days with air /oxygen @ 58°C in soil)*
- Initial results from ongoing 10-year degradability field trial demonstrate that PEF degrades under ambient conditions**

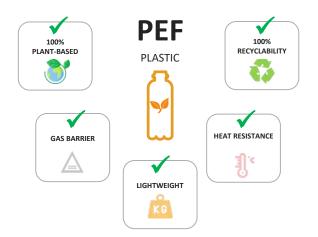
^{*} Accelerated study by OWS, Gent, Belgium

^{**} Trial by Avantium and University of Amsterdam



Superior performance, sustainable and well positioned for (high-) value applications

Highly differentiated performance plastic



High-value PEF applications



Multi layer bottles

PEF as barrier layer providing performance and enabling recycling



Single layer bottles

Single layer PEF in small bottles for soft drinks, beer and juice; replacing glass bottles, aluminum cans and multilayer bottles, enabling closed-loop recycling



Film

PEF film in recyclable flexible packaging or as film used in electronics applications (e.g. displays)

Example: partnership with Paboco®





Paboco®, Paper Bottle Project, an innovation community joining leading brands



 Carlsberg presented the first prototypes of the Paper Bottle in October 2019, testing in 2020

PEF will provide the Paper Bottle with the high barrier properties needed for beverages such as beer and carbonated soft drinks





PlantMEG™, a key ingredient for plastics and textiles

Meeting the needs of consumers

Consumers are increasingly making environmentally conscious choices:

Brands must adapt to their consumers:

Large endmarkets:





Textiles



Packaging



...the way I move



Automotive



Furniture

Value proposition:

The use of plantMEG™ will provide brands with a sustainable, recyclable, and innovative ingredient capable of attracting environmentally conscious consumers.



Favourable global MEG market dynamics: Projected to grow from 28 million tonnes to 35 million tonnes in 2035 with a CAGR of 3.5%



Impact: Significant CO₂ reduction compared to fossil-MEG and independent from fossil feedstock



Cost competitive: Best-in-class single step catalytic process making plantMEG™ cost competitive with chemical equivalence



Scalable: Demonstration plant opened in 2019 with a clear path to scale-up and commercialisation



Strong IP position and know how (10 patent families)







Scaling-up FDCA/PEF: first-to-market advantages

Achievements and next steps



LABORATORY

- 2008
- Amsterdam
- Kilogrammes/annum
- Innovative research



PILOT

- 2011 today
- Geleen
- Tonnes/annum
- Technology development



FLAGSHIP

- 2023 onwards
- Delfzijl
- 5 kilotonnes/annum
- Commercial launch



INDUSTRIAL

- 2024 and beyond
- Global
- >100 kilotonnes/annum/plant
- Licensing: cashflow and profit growth driver





Technology fully proven



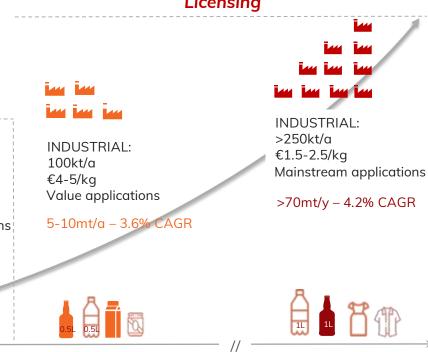
Final Investment Decision

Technology leadership (i.e. no new inventions required)

Addressing \$200B+ markets

FDCA/PEF: focus on (high-)value applications







FLAGSHIP: 5kt/a €8-10/kg Niche, high-value applications

Product offtake

PILOT: 10t/a €0-1,000/kg

Providing customers with FDCA & PEF for testing and application

development purposes

Collaborations

2020 2021 2022

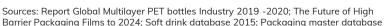
2023

2024



2015





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Partnerships throughout the PEF value chain

Validating the commercial production and driving commercialisation

Some examples:

Feedstock

Converters

Brand owners

Consumers





















Funding partners (grants):









Henke







FDCA flagship plant: expected start-up in 2023

Flagship plant: validate marketed products and production



Scale 5 kilotonnes of FDCA/annum



Location Chemie Park Delfzijl



Market focus High-value applications



Timing Operational in 2023



Objective Market launch



Partners Committed partners throughout the value chain



Earnings model Unlocking licensing business in high-volume markets



Funding €150 million (excl. +/-20% contingency on capex)

Rendered image of the Flagship Plant design Greenfield plot @ Chemie Park Delfzijl





Update on the Final Investment Decision process

 Avantium will take the Final Investment Decision (FID) concerning the construction of the FDCA flagship plant when the following Key Conditions are satisfied:



Securing €150m financing



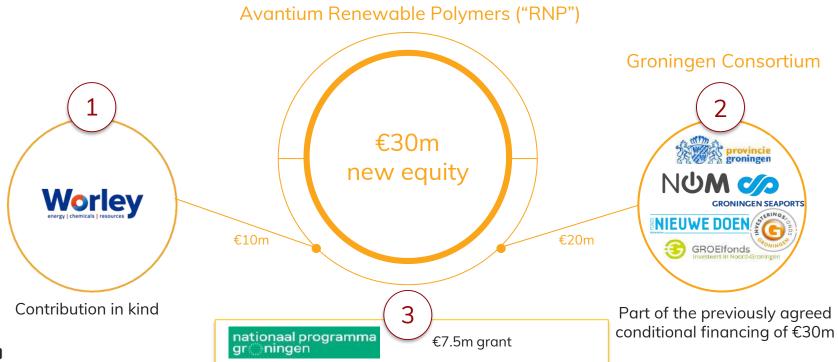
2. Obtaining sufficient offtake agreements



- 3. Engineering & supply chain
- Due to the global COVID-19 crisis, negotiations with financial, commercial and other strategic partners have taken longer than previously foreseen
- Avantium will therefore take additional time to meet all Key Conditions required for a positive FID
- Further announcements regarding the FID will be made on 24 March 2021, the publication date of the 2020 Annual Results



Term sheets signed with Worley and Groningen Consortium Subject to multiple conditions

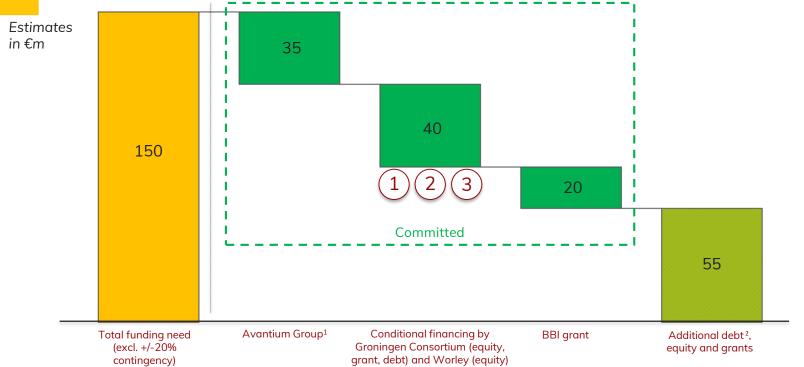


Groningen Consortium €2.5m subordinated debt





Update funding FDCA flagship plant (Avantium subsidiary)





1: Avantium has committed €35m equity to cover operating expenses 2019 -2023 (of which €22m has been invested at year-end 2020); with a cash position at year-end 2020 of ca. €26m, Avantium is exploring multiple financing options to provide for investment commitments to Avantium RNP.

2: Avantium is discussing debt and equity financing with banks and other parties. Additionally, Avantium RNP has applied for support from national and EU instruments such as the EU Innovation Fund.



Two conditional offtake agreements signed

Subject to a positive FID and financial closing, other approvals and party-specific conditions

- First two conditional offtake agreements <u>signed</u> for the supply of PEF resin to manufacture food packaging for bottles and films
- This represents approximately 20% of the flagship plant FDCA production capacity
- Avantium RNP is proceeding negotiations with multiple potential partners for additional offtake commitments





Progress update on engineering & supply chain

Engineering:

- Front-End-Engineering and Design (FEED) phase of the flagship plant is in the final stages
- Heads of terms of the execution contract for the FDCA flagship plant established with Worley
- Avantium and Worley foresee to collaborate in the execution phase of Avantium's licensing strategy



Agreement on the principal terms for a multi-year commercial polymerisation agreement with Selenis











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Scaling-up and commercialising plantMEG™

PlantMEG™ has potential in existing markets and applications



LABORATORY

- **2010**
- Amsterdam
- Kilogrammes
- Innovative research



PILOT

- 2020 start-up
- Delfzijl
- 10 tonnes
- Develop technology & economic feasibility



FLAGSHIP

- 2024 2025
- Location TBD
- Scale TBD
- Commercial launch plantMEG™



INDUSTRIAL

- TBD
- Global
- Industrial scale
- Licensing: cashflow and profit growth driver





Validation of technology and data: ~1 year after pilot plant is fully operational

Estimated timelines:

- ✓ Process Design Package 6 12 months
- ✓ Front-End Engineering Design 6 12 months
- ✓ Construction ~2 years

Technology leadership (i.e. no new inventions required)

Problem 2. Our Solutions 3. The (Future &) Benefits 4. Key Takeaways 5. Addendu

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Partnerships throughout the plantMEGTM value chain Driving commercialisation in existing MEG-markets

Multiple partners possible:

- Feedstock providers who wish to diversify their markets
- Chemical companies with the aspiration to transition to fossil-free chemicals
- Consumer brands who are looking for plant-based solutions for textiles and packaging

Feedstock Engineering Polymerisation Converters

Fibers

- Apparel
- Furniture
- Automotive

Resin:

- Bottles
- Packaging

Other:

- Solvents (e.g. paint and coatings)
- Coolants

and owners

Consumers



Funding partners (grants):













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Evolution of Avantium since IPO

Accelerating the transition towards a circular economy

	THEME	2017 (@IPO)	TODAY
1	Who is driving change?	Industry & Governments	Consumers
2	Business model (Avantium Renewable Polymers)	Joint venture (Synvina) 49% ownership Avantium	Avantium with minority partners >50% ownership Avantium, master of own destiny
3	Industrial partners (Avantium Renewable Polymers)	BASF	Term sheets signed with Worley and Groningen consortium
4	Offtake partners	None	First two offtake partners signed
5	Timing start-up flagship plant	2021 (delayed to 2023 in 2018)	2023
6	Scale flagship plant	25-50 kt/a Antwerp	5 kt/a Delfzijl
7	Market focus (Avantium Renewable Polymers)	Commodity applications	High-value applications
8	Technology (Avantium Renewable Polymers)	Mostly developed	Fully proven & de-risked
9	Sustainability focus	Renewable source	Fully circular (reusable, recyclable and degradable)
10	Development programmes (Avantium Renewable Chemistries)	 PlantMEGTM: laboratory (AMS) Biorefinery: laboratory (AMS) Electrochemistry: laboratory (AMS) 	 PlantMEG™: pilot plant (Delfzijl) Biorefinery: pilot plant (Delfzijl) Electrochemistry: Pre-pilot units (AMS



Value drivers

Summary of milestones reached and key upcoming potential milestones

	2020	2021-2023
FDCA / PEF	 ✓ €25M PEFerence grant and €30M conditional funding for flagship FDCA/PEF plant ✓ Joined the Paboco® Paper Bottle Project 	 Meet all Key Conditions to take a positive FID Start construction PEF flagship plant Commercial roll-out PEF – licensing agreements in place
PlantMEG™	• Establish proof-of-technology for plantMEG [™] demonstration plant	 Engineering of commercial plantMEG™ plant Commercial validation plantMEG™ Financing and partnerships plantMEG™
Other	 ✓ Established Sustainability Manifesto ✓ Proven revenue stream Catalysis Business Explore partnerships to further develop and scale-up other pipeline programmes 	 Financing and partnerships for other programmes in the pipeline Scale-up other programmes in the pipeline

Investment highlights

Avantium offers solutions for consumer driven renewable trends of plastic waste and CO₂ reduction





Leading innovative products FDCA and plantMEG[™] are the key ingredients for novel polymer PEF: 100% plant-based, recyclable and degradable with superior performance



Addressing \$200B+ end-markets with consumers demanding change



Pipeline of innovative chemical technologies at various stages of commercialisation



Partnerships with industry leaders and brand owners to make innovations global successes



Scalable licensing business model with clear growth path to profitability, balancing risk and reward



Proven ability to scale with 3 operational pilot plants, state of the art R&D lab and robust portfolio of >145 patent families



Strong management, board and technical & commercial team and a proven revenue generating track record with the Catalysis business



ESG is built into Avantium's DNA and drives the company's business model

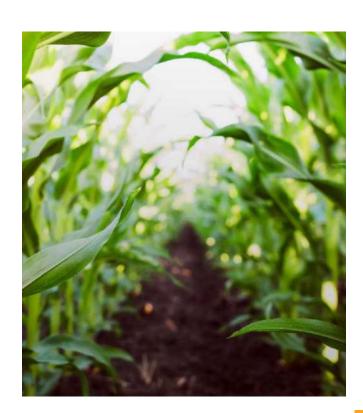






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Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

Strong growth of grant income in H1 2020 supported net loss reduction versus H1 2019

in Euro x 1,000	Half year Half year		Year ended 31 December	
_	30 June 2020	30 June 2019	2019	2018
Continuing operations	2020	2019	2019	2016
Revenues	4,294	5,219	13,821	11,283
Other income	4,474	1,903	4,217	3,637
Expenses	7,77	1,505	7,217	3,037
Raw materials and contract costs	(791)	(1,426)	(3,666)	(3,065)
Employee benefit expenses	(9,673)	(9,939)	(19,747)	(13,731)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment charge	(3,875)	(2,914)	(5,948)	(1,799)
Office and housing expenses	(903)	(463)	(1,800)	(2,208)
Patent, license, legal and advisory expenses	(1,613)	(1,458)	(3,185)	(1,897)
Laboratory expenses	(1,837)	(1,469)	(3,606)	(1,737)
Advertising and representation expenses	(449)	(644)	(1,438)	(1,311)
Expense due for onerous contract	(1.3)	(724)	(724)	(13,088)
Other operating expenses	(440)	(265)	(890)	(447)
Operating loss	(10,812)	(12,181)	(22,966)	(24,362)
Net finance cost	(140)	(166)	(319)	(68)
Share in loss of joint ventures	-	(259)	(259)	(43,948)
Loss before income tax	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
Income tax expense	-	-	-	-
Loss for the period	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
Other comprehensive income				
Share of other comprehensive income of joint ventures	-		-	-
accounted for using the equity method				
Total comprehensive income / (expense) for the year	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
Profit / (Loss) attributable to:				
Owners of the parent	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
Owners of the parent	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
Total comprehensive income / (expense) attributable to:	(10,932)	(12,007)	(23,344)	(00,370)
Owners of the parent	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
owners of the parent	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
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Cash at €34.7m on 30 June 2020

in Euro x 1,000	As at 30 June	As at 30 June	As at 31 Dec	ember
	2020	2019	2019	2018
Assets				
Non-current assets				
Property, plant and equipment	25,992	25,671	27,677	15,186
Intangible assets	638	718	684	722
Right-of-use assets	9,099	10,996	9,732	-
Investments in joint ventures and associates	-	-	-	4,249
Total non-current assets	35,729	37,385	38,092	20,157
Current assets				
Inventories	1,334	1,142	1,440	1,160
Trade and other receivables	7,590	9,645	11,541	9,307
Cash and cash equivalents	34,697	53,127	45,443	83,302
Total current assets	43,621	63,914	58,425	93,769
Total assets	79,350	101,299	96,517	113,926
Liabilities				
Non-current liabilities				
Lease liabilities	8,655	9,694	9,264	-
Total non-current liabilities	8,655	9,694	9,264	-
Current liabilities		•		
Lease liabilities	1,645	1,458	1,534	-
Trade and other payables	11,357	11,083	17,367	9,525
Provisions for other liabilities and charges	145	165	137	13,244
Total current liabilities	13,147	12,706	19,038	22,769
Total liabilities	21,803	22,400	28,303	22,769
Equity				
Equity Equity attributable to owners of the parent				
Ordinary shares	2,583	2,584	2,583	2,583
Share premium	204,296	204,296	204,296	204,296
Other reserves	10,068	9,662	9,862	9,331
Accumulated losses	(159,400)	(137,643)	(148,527)	(125,053)
Total equity attributable to the owners of the parent	57,547	78,899	68,215	91,157
	3.,547	, 0,033	00,215	52,257
Total equity and liabilities	79,350	101,299	96,517	113,926



Consolidated cash flow statement

Cash flow H1 2020 at €-10.7m, improved by €2m versus H1 2019 (excluding the one-off exit payment to BASF)

in Euro x 1,000	Half year ended 30 June Half year ended 30 June Year ended 31 De		December	
	2020	2019	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities				
Loss for the year from continuing operations	(10,952)	(12,607)	(23,544)	(68,378)
Adjustments for:				
- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	2,938	1,965	4,130	1,550
- Amortisation - Depreciation of right of use assets	73 826	97 851	183 1,635	249
- Share in loss of joint ventures	626	259	259	43,948
- Share in loss of joint ventures - Share-based payment	280	347	599 599	1,169
- Finance costs - net	140	166	319	1,109
- Non cash portion of onerous contract expense	-	724	492	-
- Impairment of PPE	57		.,	
Changes in working capital (excluding exchange differences				
on consolidation):				
- (Increase)/decrease in inventories	106	18	(280)	95
- (Increase)/decrese in trade and other receivables	3,951	(338)	(2,192)	171
- (Increase)/decrease in trade and other payables	(5,764)	1,558	8,442	(789)
- (Decrease)/increase in provisions	8	(13,079)	(13,107)	13,107
	(8,337)	(20,038)	(23,064)	(8,810)
Interest (paid) on current accounts	(74)	(50)	(17)	(24)
Net cash used in operating activities	(8,411)	(20,088)	(23,080)	(8,834)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Purchases of property, plant and equipment (PPE)	(1,198)	(4,191)	(8,458)	(7,958)
Purchases of intangible assets	(27)	(99)	(86)	(120)
Acquisition of Subsidiary	<u></u>	(4,188)	(4,189)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,225)	(8,478)	(12,734)	(8,078)
Cash flow from financing activities				
Interest received from current accounts	40	79	27	19
Principal elements of lease payments	(1,149)	(1,681)	(2,021)	-
Other interest received	-	-	56	43
Other interest paid and financing costs		-	(94)	(80)
Net cash generated from financing activities	(1,109)	(1,602)	(2,032)	(18)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(10,745)	(30,168)	(37,846)	(16,930)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	45,443	83,302	83,302	100,237
Effect of exchange rate changes	(1)	(8)	(12)	(5)
Cash and cash equivalents from continuing operations at end of financial year	34,697	53,127	45,443	83,302
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	34,697	53,127	45,443	83,302



- Ticker: AVTX Euronext Amsterdam & Brussels
- # of outstanding shares: 25,831,817
- Analyst coverage:



Reg Watson



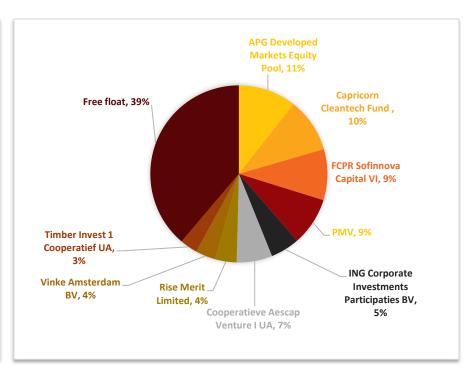
Patrick Roquas



Wim Hoste



Fernand de Boer



Source: Register substantial holdings and gross short positions of the Dutch Authority for the Financial Markets (AFM)

DEE

PEF versus PET

D.

The influence of a small change in chemical structure

DLT

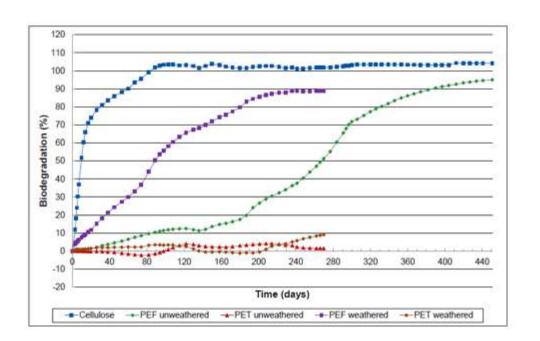
Property	PET (Amorphous)	PEF (Amorphous)
Molecule		
Density	1.36 g/cm ³	1.43 g/cm ³
T_m	250-270°C	210-230°C
T_g	~76°C**	~88°C**
Crystallization time	2-3 min**	20-30 min**
E-modulus	2.1-2.2 GPa	3.1-3.3 GPa
Yield strength	50-60 MPa	90-100 MPa
O ₂ permeability	0.114 barrer*	0.0107 barrer*
CO ₂ permeability	0.46 barrer*	0.026 barrer*

^{*}S. Burgess et. al. (PhD project Georgia Tech, funded by The Coca-Cola Company), a.o. Marcomol. 2014, Polymer 2014, J. Polym. Sci. 2014

^{**}A. Codou / L. Martino et al., (Part of EU Project BIOFUR between Avantium and Nice University) a.o. Macromol. Chem. Phys. 2014, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. 2016

Biodegradation of PEF: initial results

In industrial composting conditions (58 °C in soil)





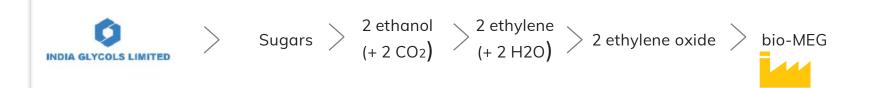
Biodegradation (%) = amount of polymer converted to CO_2

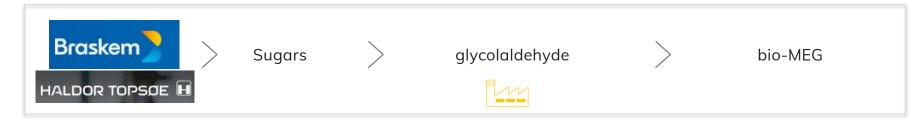
- Cellulose reference: 60 days to 90% biodegradation
- PEF (weathered): 240 days to 90% biodegradation
- PEF (unweathered): 385 days to 90% biodegradation

Avantium | presentation

Unique single-step process Avantium's plantMEG™











Profitable Catalysis business

Extensive experience as chemicals innovation provider in advanced catalysis R&D

Business description Avantium Catalysis provides advanced catalysis R&D Services & Systems to international bluechip players

Avantium Catalysis has provided the technological basis on which many of our innovative technologies have been developed

Services & **Systems**

- Services: Sustainable solutions to develop innovative and improved chemical processes
- Systems: Capability to rapidly develop unique new hardware for chemical R&D

Financials

Revenue (2019): EUR 12.5m

Selection of clients

































Producing chemicals and materials from non-food biomass



Benefits sugars from residual forestry and agricultural streams

- Proven technology with the increasing need of the chemical industry to reduce the reliance on oil
- Extracts the remaining valuable sugars from non-food sources
- Suitable for locally sourced biomass

Market for industrial sugars (glucose) in chemical production

 The chemical industry consumed \$16 billion worth of glucose from starch and sugars in 2019

Source: Sugar Year Book 2019; Corn Refiners Association, "Biorenewable Insights: Conventional Sugars", Nexant (2016)

Current status

- Strong IP position and know how (13 patent families)
- Our pilot biorefinery is operational in Delfzijl, the Netherlands focused on improving efficiency and unit operations
- We will work with partners on technology scale-up in line with timing of market demand

Converting CO₂ to chemicals via electrochemistry

Unlocking a new renewable feedstock for the chemical industry



Benefits electrochemical CO₂ conversion

- Preventing CO₂ emissions of industrial parties
- Enabling cleaner chemical processes
- Turning waste into valuable products

Current status

- Strong IP position and know how (34 patent families)
- Pre-pilot test units opened in 2019 in the Port of Amsterdam
- Leading patent portfolio: global top-5 in electrochemical CO₂ conversions
- Cooperation with >35 partners in European grant consortia, also providing >€5M of grants
- Founding member of CO₂ Value Europe



ESG: our sustainability priorities

- At Avantium, sustainability is built into our very purpose. It drives our employees, informs our technology development and excites our commercial partners
- Every technology we develop affirms our commitment to helping create a fossil-free future for the planet
- In February 2021 Avantium published its Sustainability Plan 'Chain Reaction 2030' a pioneering roadmap to achieve a fossil-free chemical industry by 2050.





Chain Reaction 2030 - At a glance

Our Technologies

We will accelerate innovation to deliver products that use renewable carbon and support the circular economy.

Targets



By 2030, our technologies will deliver 1.5 million tonnes of CO, savings across the chemical industry.



By 2030, we will become a circular business.



By 2030, 100% of our plant-based feedstock for Renewable Polymers and Renewable Chemistries will come from sustainable sources.

Our Leadership

We will be the leading advocate for greater action by the chemical industry to address the climate emergency.

Targets



By 2030, 100% of our advocacy will focus on transforming the chemical industry to becoming circular and fossil-free.



Our Operations

We will minimise the impact of our own operations and have net-zero carbon emissions.

Targets



By 2030, our own operations will achieve net-zero carbon emissions.



By 2025, we will send zero non-hazardous waste to incineration and landfill.



By 2023, all our plants will achieve an ISO45001 certification (healthy and safe working environment).

Our People

We will mobilise our colleagues and the next generation of scientists to help solve the climate's most pressing problems.

Targets



By 2030, Avantium will be one of the 10 best companies to work for in the Netherlands.



By 2030, we will have engaged 100,000 students about using chemistry to create a fossil-free world

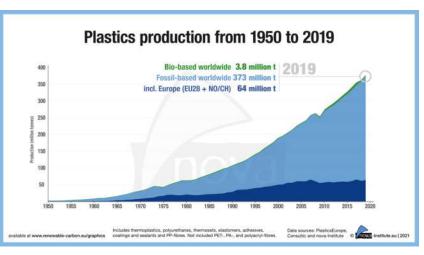


By 2025, we will improve upon our baseline of being an inclusive and diverse company, ensuring that we are representative of the societies and communities we operate within.



2020 was a promising year for bio-based polymers

- In 2020, the total production volume of bio-based polymers was 4.2 million tonnes (1 % of the total production volume of fossil-based polymers)
- The CAGR is, with 8 %, significantly higher than the overall growth of polymers (3–4 %) – this is expected to continue until 2025
- Overall, the global land requirement for bio-based polymers is only 0.006 % of the global agricultural land





The new plastics economy; change driven by consumers





Big consumer brands aim to use 100% reusable, recyclable or compostable packaging by 2025

























The Guardian - The End of Plastic (16 May 2020)

The Guardian

The end of plastic? New plant-based bottles will degrade in a year

Carlsberg and Coca-Cola back pioneering project to make 'all-plant' drinks bottles



A mound of plastic bottles at a recycling plant near Bangkok in Thailand. Around 300 million tonnes of plastic is made every year and most of it is not recycled. Photograph: Diego Azubel/EPA

Beer and soft drinks could soon be sipped from "all-plant" bottles under new plans to turn sustainably grown crops into plastic in partnership with major beverage makers.

A biochemicals company in the Netherlands hopes to kickstart investment in a pioneering project that hopes to make plastics from plant sugars rather than fossil fuels.

The plans, devised by renewable chemicals company Avantium, have already won the support of beermaker Carlsberg, which hopes to sell its pilsner in a cardboard bottle lined with an inner layer of plant plastic.

Avantium's chief executive, Tom van Aken, says he hopes to greenlight a major investment in the world-leading bioplastics plant in the Netherlands by the end of the year.

The project, which remains on track despite the coronavirus lockdown, is set to reveal partnerships with other food and drink companies later in the summer.

The project has the backing of Coca-Cola and Danone, which hope to secure the future of their bottled products by tackling the environmental damage caused by plastic pollution and a reliance on fossil fuels.

Globally around 300 million tonnes of plastic is made from fossil fuels every year, which is a major contributor to the climate crisis. Most of this is not recycled and contributes to the scourge of microplastics in the world's oceans. Microplastics can take hundreds of years to decompose completely.

"This plastic has very attractive sustainability credentials because it uses no fossil fuels, and can be recycled – but would also degrade in nature much faster than normal plastics do," says Van Aken.

Avantium's plant plastic is designed to be resilient enough to contain carbonate drinks. Trials have shown that the plant plastic would decompose in one year using a composter, and a few years longer if left in normal outdoor conditions. But ideally, it should be recycled, said Van Aken.

The bio-refinery plans to break down sustainable plant sugars into simple chemical structures that can then be rearranged to form a new plant-based plastic – which could appear on supermarket shelves by 2023. The path-finder project will initially make a modest 5,000 tonnes of plastic every year using sugars from

corn, wheat or beets. However, Avantium expects its production to grow as demand for renewable plastics climbs.

In time, Avantium plans to use plant sugars from sustainable sourced biowaste so that the rise of plant plastic does not affect the global food supply chain.



