



PEF – A Circular Bio-Based Plastic with Improved Properties and Environmental Performance

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Bio·based Industries Consortium



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Goal

- Quantitatively assess the potential environmental performance of selected PEF-based packaging solutions aiming at supporting technical and capital decisions during process development of Avantium's YXY Technology and commercialization of PEF-based applications.
- II. Provide a comparison of selected PEF-based applications against their fossil counterparts in order to aid marketing efforts of the bio-based alternative.
- **Standards |** ISO 14040, ISO 14044, EN 16760:2015
- Critically reviewed | by 3 independent reviewers TüV (DE), ifeu (DE), Ecomaters (NL)



ISO 14040/44 Compliant

SUITED

SUstainability Integrated TEchnology Development













Geographical and technological context

- Fructose production in NW Europe via starch wet milling
- 100 kT/a FDCA plant based in Delfzijl, NL
- PEF polymerisation in Europe by Toll manufacturing

Time frame | 2025-2028

Energy

- Heat supply: steam from NG
- Electricity supply: current NL mix

Reference products | PET resin & PET bottles

System boundaries | Cradle-to-Gate & Cradle-to-Grave

EoL Scenario | Netherlands [65% Recycling Rate]

Allocation | Mass allocation (baseline)





Data Sources and Quality

| Life Cycle Stage | Process | Source |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Fructose feedstock supply | Wheat production | Ecoinvent |
| | Wet milling | Agribalyse |
| | Fructose production | Tereos |
| YXY Technology | YXY sugar dehydration | ARNP |
| | YXY oxidation | ARNP |
| | YXY FDCA purification | ARNP |
| Bio-MEG supply | Sugarcane cultivation | Ecoinvent |
| | Sugarcane refinery | Ecoinvent |
| | Bio-ethanol dehydration to ethylene | Literature |
| | Ethylene oxide production | Ecoinvent |
| | Ethylene glycol production | Indian Glycols/Ecoinvent |
| Bottle manufacturing | Polymerisation | Ecoinvent |
| Items production | Stretch blow moulding | Ecoinvent |
| End-of-Life | Plastic waste collection | Eunomia/Ecoinvent |
| | Plastic waste sorting | Eunomia/Ecoinvent |
| | Mechanical recycling | Eunomia/Ecoinvent |
| | Incineration with recovery of energy | Eunomia/Ecoinvent |
| Benchmark | PET | PlasticsEurope/Ecoinvent |

- No data gaps. Complete for all impact categories
- Core data from primary sources
- Data Quality Assessment
- Overall average good data quality
- Validated by reviewers



PEF bottles | Functional Unit

Functional Unit

500 mL monolayer bottles

Storing and delivering of beverage (CSD drinks) by means of single-use recyclable bottles



Mechanical integrity: without breaking/damage during handling/transport

Barrier Property: ensuring a shelf life of minimum 12 weeks CO₂ shelf life







Environmental Impacts

EF3.1 Life Cycle Impact Assessment method (Climate change incl. and excl. Biogenic C Uptake)



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Additional CH₄ emissions in petrochemicals



- Recent update of the ecoinvent database

 new data on the supply of crude oil and natural gas have been implemented including unintended methane
 emissions during extraction and processing
- Significant higher carbon footprint for fossil-based products



Normalised & Weighted Impacts



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Impact Assessment





Environmental Hotspots – Climate Change





Sensitivity analyses



Mass allocation

End-of-life Scenarios End-of-life Treatments Recycling rates





Bottle size Bottle weights Monolayer & Multilayer Other products

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Recycling rates



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Recycled content





Climate Change – Resin Outlook

- The baseline already shows a carbon footprint reduction of 65% versus PET produced in Europe
- Despite the small scale and young process technology, PEF resin can compete with highly commoditized PET
- Further reduction on Carbon Footprint is seen on application basis, where PEF properties enable improved performance and light weighting
- 30% additional GHG reductions expected by switching to 2G feedstocks





Recent Publication

Scientific article: Journal of Cleaner Production 395 (2023) 136426



Highlights

- Application matters when comparing different plastics: highlights the importance of considering the application-specific benefits in the use phase when comparing novel with conventional plastics.
- It is important to consider the EoL already during product design
- Bio-based PEF would offer 50–74% lower life cycle GHG emissions after one recycling trip compared to PET, depending on the waste management case.
- Switching from PET to PEF is a robust strategy to reduce the GHG emissions of plastic bottles



Take-Aways

- Despite the small scale and young process technology, PEF resin can compete with highly commoditized PET (improvement potential)
- PEF **improved performance** (barrier, mechanical properties) enable lighter designs \rightarrow material savings
- Significant CO₂ savings and remarkably less finite resource consumption of fossil fuels compared to PET bottles
- These impact potentials are two of the most relevant environmental impact categories in the current political and societal agenda driving the transition from fossil to renewable carbon
- Impacts linked to agricultural activities were found to be significantly less relevant and contribute to a minor extent to the total environmental impact of PEF bottles
- PEF relies 100% of Renewable Carbon and contributes to stop the release of additional CO₂ to the atmosphere
 → will play a role in absolute reduction of global GHG
- Preliminary assessments indicate that 30% additional GHG emission reduction could be achieved by switching to 2G feedstocks

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Thank you for

your attention!



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Sustainability | Chemistry